



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For Spraylat Liquid Coatings and Associated Liquid Materials

1701 East 122nd Street
Chicago, IL 60633
(773) 646-5900
Fax: (773) 646-3743

716 South Columbus Avenue
Mount Vernon, NY 10550
(914) 699-3030
Fax: (914) 699-3035

3465 South La Cienega Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90016
(310) 559-2335
Fax: (310) 836-6094

3333 North Interstate 35
Gainesville, TX 76240
(940) 665-9590
Fax: (940) 665-8867

e-mail HSEcoordinator@Spraylat.com

PREPARED BY : Health, Safety and Environmental Coordinator

EMERGENCY PHONE:

1-800-424-9300

Chemtrec

INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS:

1-703-527-3887

Chemtrec

I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name : **Mark 1 SM-177S Satin Clear**

Date Printed : 03/02/07

Revision Number : 2

Revision Date : 09/15/05

Supercedes : 07/09/04

II. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS - (EXPOSURE LIMITS - SEE SECTION VIII)

INGREDIENT NAME	CAS #	%
Xylene	1330-20-7	15.01 - 20.00
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	15.01 - 20.00
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	5.01 - 10.00
Amorphous silica, silicon dioxide	112926-00-8	5.01 - 10.00
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.01 - 5.00
Methoxypropanol acetate	108-65-6	1.01 - 5.00

If ingredient percentages do not total 100%, the balance is due to rounding or applies to ingredient(s) deemed nonhazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard).

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

	HMIS
HEALTH	2 *
FLAMMABILITY	3
REACTIVITY	0

0 = Least 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Effects

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

Medical Conditions Aggravated:

Eye disease, Liver disease, Kidney disease, Skin disease including eczema and sensitization, Digestive tract disease, Lung disease.

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects:

Inhalation:

Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache.

Skin Contact:

Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.

Eye Contact:

Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue.

Skin Absorption:

Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage.

Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Target Organ Acute Toxicity: CNS, Eyes, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Skin, Digestive Tract, Respiratory System, Central nervous system stimulation, Thyroid, Pituitary, Testes.

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Inhalation: Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache.

Skin Contact: Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause irritation.

Eye Contact: Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue.

Skin Absorption: Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage.

Carcinogenicity: IARC: Yes NTP: No OSHA: No

Target Organ Chronic Toxicity: CNS, Eyes, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Skin, Digestive Tract, Respiratory System, Central nervous system stimulation, Pituitary, Testes.

NOTICE - Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high concentrations of ethylbenzene (750 ppm) resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney, lung and liver tumors. Testicular adenomas were increased as were thyroid effects in rats at 750 ppm. Pituitary effects were observed in female mice at 250 ppm. These effects were absent when exposure was below 75 ppm ethylbenzene. The study does not address the relevance of these results to humans.

IV. FIRST AID

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. As a good general hygienic rule, if clothing comes in contact with the product, the clothing should be laundered before re-use.

Ingestion: Seek medical advice immediately. Provide ingredients information from Section II of this MSDS to the medical care provider. Contact your local Poison Control Center (listed in the telephone book), or dial the local "Emergency" (911) number for additional information. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician or other competent medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary:

Flash Point:	18 °C;	64 °F
Autoignition Temperature:	421 °C;	790 °F
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:	1.1	Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air: 13.1

Fire Hazards: Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. This product, when dried or cured, may support combustion when subjected to sources of ignition or heat in sufficient amount.

Extinguishing Media: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water may be ineffective but water spray can be used to extinguish a fire if swept across the base of the flames. Water can absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use methods for the surrounding fire. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide.

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health Consideration for Spill Response:

Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including: the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, and the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation.

Spill Mitigation Procedures:

General Methods:

Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. For liquid spills, dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do not allow smoking in the area. Ensure clean-up measures are in compliance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.120).

Air Release:

Ventilate the area by opening door and/or turning on fans and blowers.

Water Release:

Retain all contaminated water for treatment.

Land Spills:

Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches that lead to waterways.

VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Harmful or irritating; avoid overexposure to the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Keep in air-tight containers- material is hygroscopic. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage:

Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container.

VIII. ENGINEERING CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EXPOSURE LIMITS

Engineering Controls:

Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. See table below for exposure limits. Engineering controls must be designed to meet any relevant OSHA chemical specific standards in 29 CFR 1910. Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Protective Equipment:

Respiratory Tract:

If general or local exhaust ventilation is not available or sufficient to reduce exposure to below acceptable levels, then respiratory protection is required to avoid overexposure when handling this product.

Eyes:

Wear safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Do not wear contact lenses. When the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material, wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.

Skin:

Not normally considered a significant skin irritant. Where use can result in skin contact, practice good personal hygiene and wear a barrier cream and/or impervious gloves. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Protective Clothing:

Wear chemically resistant gloves and apron. (Consult your safety equipment supplier).

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS #	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	IDLH
Xylene	1330-20-7	100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA	900 ppm IDLH
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	150 ppm TWA	150 ppm TWA; 700 mg/m ³ TWA	1300 ppm IDLH
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	No TLV	No PEL established	Not determined.
Amorphous silica, silicon dioxide	112926-00-8	10 mg/m ³ TWA	No PEL established	Not determined.

Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	100 ppm TWA 125 ppm STEL	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m ³ TWA	800 ppm IDLH
Methoxypropanol acetate	108-65-6	No TLV	No PEL established	Not determined.

IX. PHYSICAL DATA

Appearance:	Cloudy (milky) Liquid.
Color:	Cloudy (milky)
Odor:	Aromatic
pH:	N/A
Octanol/Water Coeff:	Not Determined.
Solubility in Water:	Minimal.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than air. Vapors that evolve from this product will tend to settle and accumulate near the floor.
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than n-Butyl Acetate.
Specific Gravity/Density:	1.085 / 9.05 Lbs./G1.
V.O.C.	4.2 Lbs/G1 less water & exempt solvent; 504 g/l less water & exempt solvent; 4.0 Lbs/G1 as packed

The VOC content is determined by using a percent solids basis, less water and exempt solvents, for adhesives, coatings and inks and the calculations of EPA Reference Method 24 or equivalent ASTM method approved by the executive office.

Initial Boiling Point:	117 °C;	243 °F
Initial Freezing Point:	N/A	

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Information:	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated temperatures. Contamination.,
Chemical Incompatibility:	Strong alkalis.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide.

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Name	LD50/LC50
Xylene	Inhalation LC50 Rat: 5000 ppm/4H; Oral LD50 Rat: 4300 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: >1700 mg/kg
Acetic acid, isobutyl ester	Oral LD50 Rat: 13400 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: >17400 mg/kg
Toluene, p-chloro-.alpha.,.alpha.,.alpha.-trifluoro-	Inhalation LC50 Rat: 22 gm/m ³ ; Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 20 gm/m ³ ; Oral LD50 Rat: 13 gm/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse: 11500 mg/kg
Benzene, ethyl-	Oral LD50 Rat: 3500 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 17800 uL/kg
Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester	Oral LD50 Rat: 8532 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: >5 gm/kg

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview:	Care should be taken to minimize releases of any industrial chemicals to the environment.
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XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Description for Unused Product:	Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.
Disposal Methods:	Information in this MSDS is provided only as a guide. Consult with competent authority to determine proper waste disposal procedures. Clean up and dispose of waste and clean-up materials in accordance with all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.
Potential EPA Waste Codes:	D001, .

Some Components Possibly Subjected to USEPA Land Disposal Restrictions:

When disposing of unused products or any waste, the preferred options are to send to a licensed reclaimer or to permitted incinerators. There may be some other ingredients subject to LDR categories.	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Agency Basic Description and Label	
DOT	Paint, 3, UN1263, PG II; Label Required: Flammable Liquid.

Hazardous Substance

Xylenes (isomers and mixture)	RQ = 100 pounds (45.4 kg); also listed as Xylene; also listed as Xylene (mixed); also listed as Benzene, dimethyl-
Ethyl benzene	RQ = 1000 pounds (454 kg)

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION**Regulation**

SARA 313 Reportable : Xylene (mixed isomers), ethylbenzene

TSCA Inventory : All components of this product are listed in, or exempt from, the TSCA 8(b) Inventory.

M.S.D.S. Reportable HAP(s) : Xylenes (nos), ethylbenzene.

California Proposition 65 : The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 - Proposition 65: "WARNING: This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm."

SARA/CERCLA Section 302 : N/A

XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Major References: VENDOR'S MSDS's, PAINT & COATINGS HANDBOOK, EPA'S LIST OF LISTS, AND OTHER PUBLISHED MATERIALS.

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