



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For Spraylat Liquid Coatings and Associated Liquid Materials

1701 East 122nd Street
Chicago, IL 60633
(773) 646-5900
Fax: (773) 646-3743

716 South Columbus Avenue
Mount Vernon, NY 10550
(914) 699-3030
Fax: (914) 699-3035

3465 South La Cienega Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90016
(310) 559-2335
Fax: (310) 836-6094

3333 North Interstate 35
Gainesville, TX 76240
(940) 665-9590
Fax: (940) 665-8867

e-mail HSECoordinator@Spraylat.com

PREPARED BY : Health, Safety and Environmental Coordinator

EMERGENCY PHONE:

1-800-424-9300

Chemtrec

INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS:

1-703-527-3887

Chemtrec

I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name : **4015A Speed Dry UV Acrylic Clear Aerosol**

Date Printed : 07/27/05
Revision Date : 07/27/05

Revision Number : 2
Supercedes : 11/05/03

II. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS - (EXPOSURE LIMITS - SEE SECTION VIII)

INGREDIENT NAME	CAS #	%
Acetone	67-64-1	30.01 - 40.00
Methoxypropanol acetate	108-65-6	15.01 - 20.00
n-Propane	74-98-6	15.01 - 20.00
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	10.01 - 15.00
n-Butane	106-97-8	5.01 - 10.00

If ingredient percentages do not total 100%, the balance is due to rounding or applies to ingredient(s) deemed nonhazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard).

III. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

	HMIS
HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	3
REACTIVITY	0

0 = Least 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Effects

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion, Absorption.

Medical Conditions Aggravated:

Skin disease including eczema and sensitization, Eye disease, Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis, Kidney disease.

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects:

Inhalation:

Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness, unconsciousness, and even death with longer exposure.

Skin Contact:

Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.

Eye Contact:

Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue.

Skin Absorption:

Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause severe irritation and systemic damage.

Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Target Organ Acute Toxicity:	Respiratory System, Skin, Eyes, Central nervous system stimulation, Kidneys, Nervous System.
<u>Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:</u>	
Inhalation:	Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause kidney and lung damage.
Skin Contact:	Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.
Eye Contact:	Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue.
Skin Absorption	Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, minimal hazard in normal industrial use. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort.
Carcinogenicity:	IARC: No NTP: No OSHA: No
Target Organ Chronic Toxicity:	Respiratory System, Nervous System, Skin, Eyes, Central nervous system stimulation, Kidneys. NOTICE - Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

IV. FIRST AID

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of luke warm water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician.
Skin Contact:	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion:	Seek medical advice immediately. Provide ingredients information from Section II of this MSDS to the medical care provider. Contact your local Poison Control Center (listed in the telephone book), or dial the local "Emergency" (911) number for additional information. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician or other competent medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<u>Flammability Summary:</u>	Extremely Flammable
Flash Point:	-60 °C; -76 °F
Autoignition Temperature:	226 °C; 439 °F
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air:	1.0 Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air: 13.1
Fire Hazards:	Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flash point. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or crush used containers. Do not expose containers or product to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death. Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back This product, when dried or cured, may support combustion when subjected to sources of ignition or heat in sufficient amount.
Extinguishing Media:	Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained toxic breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide.

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Health Consideration for Spill Response:**

Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including: the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, and the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation.

Spill Mitigation Procedures:**General Methods:**

Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. For liquid spills, dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do not allow smoking in the area.

Air Release:

Ventilate the area by opening door and/or turning on fans and blowers.

Water Release:

Retain all contaminated water for treatment.

Land Spills:

Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches that lead to waterways.

VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling:**

Harmful or irritating; avoid overexposure to the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Keep in air-tight containers- material is hygroscopic. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage:

Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container.

VIII. ENGINEERING CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EXPOSURE LIMITS**Engineering Controls:**

Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. See table at the end of this Section VIII below for exposure limits. Engineering controls must be designed to meet any relevant OSHA chemical specific standards in 29 CFR 1910. Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Protective Equipment:**Respiratory Tract:**

If general or local exhaust ventilation is not available or sufficient to reduce exposure to below acceptable levels, then respiratory protection is required to avoid overexposure when handling this product.

Eyes:

Wear safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. When the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material, wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

Skin:

Wear protective gloves. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Protective Clothing:

Wear chemically resistant gloves and apron. (Consult your safety equipment supplier).

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS #	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	IDLH
Acetone	67-64-1	500 ppm TWA 750 ppm STEL	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m ³ TWA	2500 ppm IDLH
Methoxypropanol acetate	108-65-6	No TLV	No PEL established	Not determined.
n-Propane	74-98-6	2500 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m ³ TWA	2100 ppm IDLH
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	100 ppm TWA	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m ³ TWA	20000 mg/m ³ IDLH
n-Butane	106-97-8	800 ppm TWA	No PEL established	Not determined.

IX. PHYSICAL DATA

Appearance:	Colorless Liquid.		
Color:	Colorless		
Odor:	Mild		
pH:	N/A		
Octanol/Water Coeff:	Not Determined.		
Solubility in Water:	Partial.		
Vapor Pressure (mmHg):	1-10		
Vapor Density:	Heavier than air. Vapors that evolve from this product will tend to settle and accumulate near the floor.		
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than n-Butyl Acetate.		
Specific Gravity/Density:	0.744 / 6.21 Lbs./Gl.		
V.O.C.	4.8 Lbs/Gl less water & exempt solvent;	576 g/l less water & exempt solvent;	3.2 Lbs/Gl as packed

The VOC content is determined by using a percent solids basis, less water and exempt solvents, for adhesives, coatings and inks and the calculations of EPA Reference Method 24 or equivalent ASTM method approved by the executive office.

The Federal EPA has delisted Acetone as a VOC. Even though this product contains Acetone (see Section II), the VOC listed above does not include Acetone in the VOC calculation. Individual states may have other regulations. Please check with your state.

Initial Boiling Point:	-42 °C;	-44 °F
Initial Freezing Point:	N/A	

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Information:	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated temperatures. Contamination.,
Chemical Incompatibility:	Strong acids, Strong alkalies.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide.

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Name	LD50/LC50
Acetone	Inhalation LC50 Rat: 50100 mg/m ³ /8H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 44 gm/m ³ /4H; Oral LD50 Rat: 5800 mg/kg; Oral LD50 Mouse: 3 gm/kg
Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester	Oral LD50 Rat: 8532 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: >5 gm/kg
Butane	Inhalation LC50 Rat: 658 gm/m ³ /4H; Inhalation LC50 Mouse: 680 gm/m ³ /2H

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview:	Care should be taken to minimize releases of any industrial chemicals to the environment.
------------------	---

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Description for Unused Product:	Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste. The waste is ignitable.
Disposal Methods:	Information in this MSDS is provided only as a guide. Consult with competent authority to determine proper waste disposal procedures. Clean up and dispose of waste and clean-up materials in accordance with all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.
Potential EPA Waste Codes:	D001, .

Some Components Possibly Subjected to USEPA Land Disposal Restrictions:

When disposing of unused products or any waste, the preferred options are to send to a licensed reclaimer or to permitted incinerators. There may be some other ingredients subject to LDR categories. Acetone 67-64-1

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Agency	Basic Description and Label
DOT	Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

Hazardous Substance

Acetone RQ = 5000 pounds (2270 kg); also listed as 2-Propanone

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION**Regulation**

SARA 313 Reportable : This product contains no Section 313 chemicals at or above de minimis values.

TSCA Inventory : All components of this product are listed in, or exempt from, the TSCA 8(b) Inventory.

SARA/CERCLA Section 302 : N/A

XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Major References: VENDOR'S MSDS's, PAINT & COATINGS HANDBOOK, EPA'S LIST OF LISTS, AND OTHER PUBLISHED MATERIALS.

IMPORTANT: WHILE THE DESCRIPTIONS, DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH AND BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, THEY ARE PROVIDED FOR YOUR GUIDANCE ONLY. MANY FACTORS MAY AFFECT PROCESSING OR APPLICATION OR USE, INCLUDING USE OF THIS MATERIAL IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER MATERIALS OR PROCESSES. YOU THEREFORE SHOULD, AND THIS MATERIAL IS SUPPLIED ON THE CONDITION THAT YOU, PERFORM AN ASSESSMENT TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE MATERIAL PRIOR TO USE, AND YOU ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR SATISFYING YOURSELF THAT THE MATERIAL IS SUITABLE AND THE COMPLETENESS OF THIS INFORMATION IS SUFFICIENT FOR YOUR USE. NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE MADE REGARDING PRODUCTS DESCRIBED, DATA, OR INFORMATION SET FORTH. IN NO CASE SHALL THE DESCRIPTIONS, INFORMATION, OR DATA PROVIDED BE CONSIDERED A PART OF OUR TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE, AND WE DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS OR INJURY ARISING FROM YOUR USE OF THIS MATERIAL, DATA OR INFORMATION. FURTHER, THE DESCRIPTIONS, DATA AND INFORMATION FURNISHED HERE ARE GIVEN GRATIS. NO OBLIGATIONS NOR LIABILITIES FOR THE DESCRIPTION, DATA AND INFORMATION GIVEN ARE ASSUMED, ALL SUCH BEING GIVEN AND ACCEPTED AT YOUR RISK.